

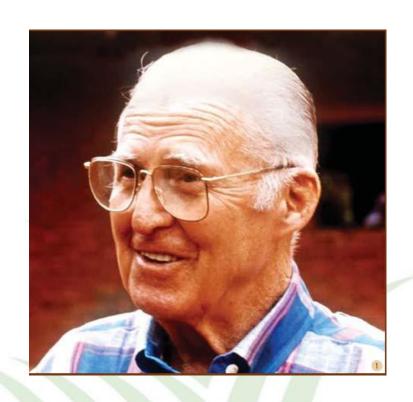


### Strengthen Science and Technology Transfer to Improve Crop Production and Farmers' Income

Jiyun Jin
IPNI China Program
Chinese Academy of Agricultural Sciences

Presented at the 78th IFA Annual Conference, June 1st, 2010, Paris "The use of high yielding varieties, chemical fertilizers to restore soil fertility, ...... have allowed world food production to increase more rapidly than global population over the past three decades."

-Borlaug and Dowswell, 1994



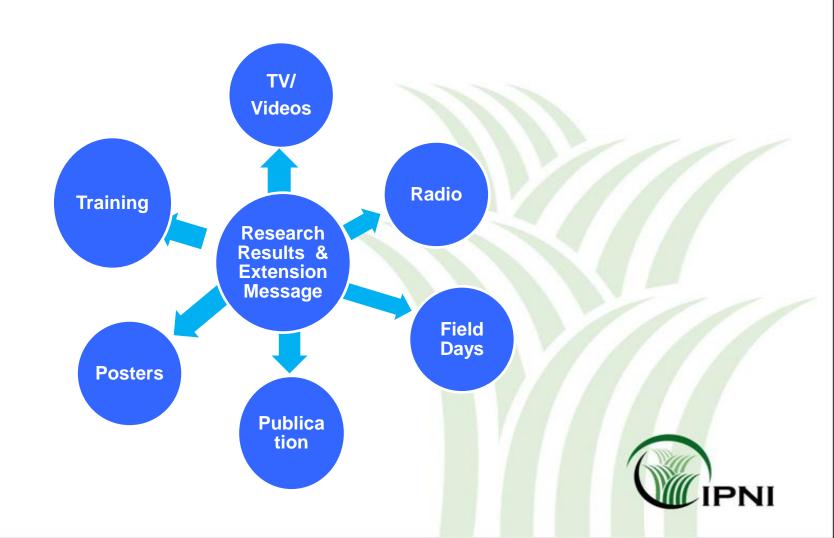
#### Norman Borlaug(1914-2009): 发展中国家小农户及资源匮乏农民的捍卫者 The Defender of small household farmers in the developing world with limited resources



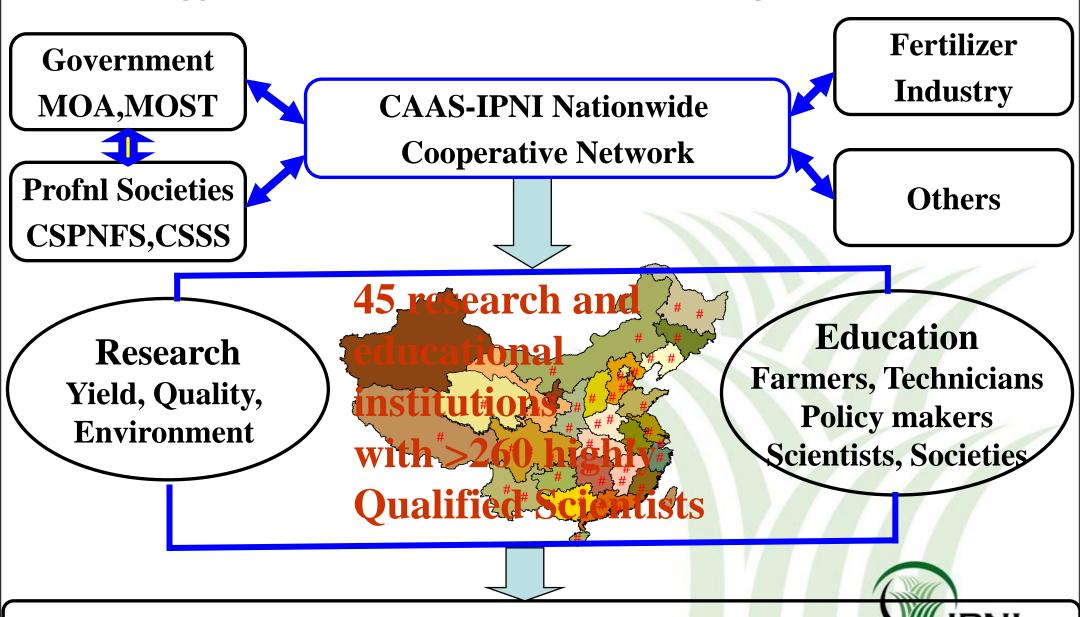
### China is a developing country with: Limited land resource, large population and dominated with small size household farmers

Arable land: Dropped to 122 million ha, 9% of world total, Land/person is only 0.0926 has 42% of world average Population: 1.306 billion (2005), 20.8% of world total, Estimated to be 14.3 billion by 2020 Population in rural area: 744.7 million, 57% of total (2005) Small farm: China has 200 million households, 350 million farm labors, only 0.29 ha/labor

### It is important to have technology developed and transferred to small household farmers through various educational activities



### Strategy of CAAS-IPNI Cooperative Program in China



Fertilizer use improved, crop production sustained, farmers income increase

### Research focuses:

- ➤ Soil testing and fertilizer recommendation
- Nutrient management for high yield and high quality crop production
- ➤ Soil K status and rational K fertilization
- ➤ Improvement of fertilizer use efficiency
- > Fertilization and environment quality
- ➤ Site specific nutrient management
- ➤IT use in soil and fertilizer management



- Over 4000 research trials, > 100 crops
  - all major soil types
- BF increased crop yields by 15%-rice, 25%-wheat, 26%-corn and 63%-banana
- BF increase in average net income: 2000 yuan (250US\$)/ha
  - grains: 800 -1,800 yuan (118-265US\$)/ha
  - cash crops: 2,000 20,000 (295 2950US\$)/ha



- >5000 field demonstrations
- >95,000 soil samples analyzed
- >1200 field inspections for leaders
- >260 harvest field days
- > 360,000 people participated
- > 800 papers published (2005-2009)
- >50 scientific awards received
- >180 video developed & used by CCTV/local TV





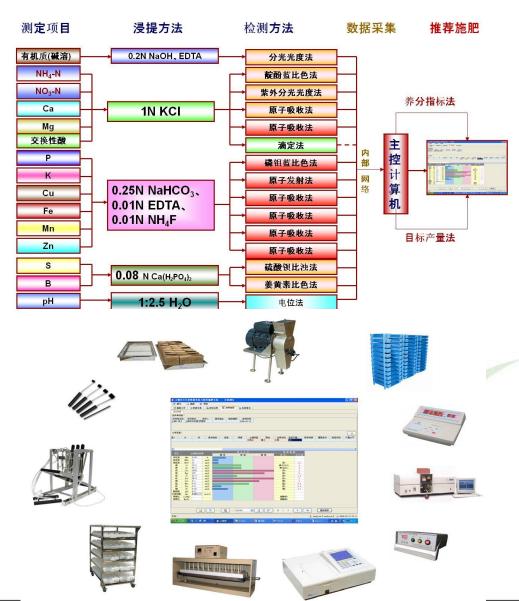






### Soil testing and fertilizer recommendation:

- ✓ Computerized and web-based soil testing and fertilizer recommendation program developed
- ✓ Multi-nutrients extraction
- ✓ Batch sample handling
- Automatic data collecting
- Programmed fertilizer recommendation





- Workshops, training courses organized
- ➤ Over 260 papers, 6 books published
- >TV/videos developed
- > Posters/brochure used
- Awarded by Ministry of Agriculture and the Central government of China in 1998-1999
- Widely used in China to improve fertilizer use efficiency





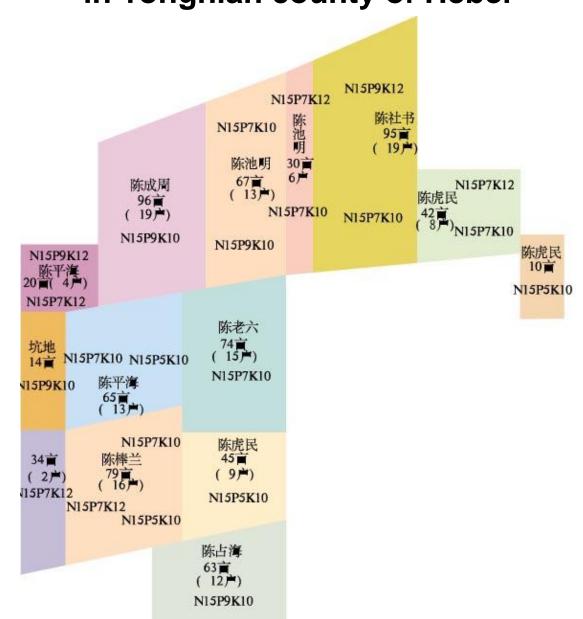
### Site specific nutrient management (SSNM)

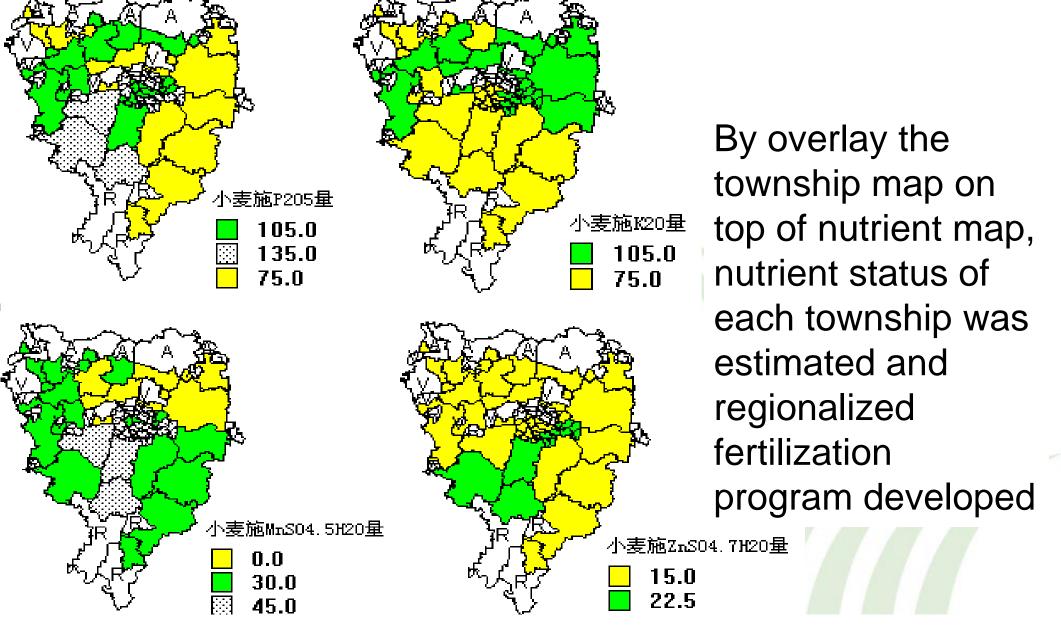
- ✓ GIS, GPS technology used
- ✓ Soil nutrient map and fertilization map developed
- ✓ Used to guide balanced use of fertilizers in field, village, county and regional levels
- ✓ TV/Video developed
- ✓ Training courses/workshops
- ✓ Publications, posters, etc.
- ✓ SSNM on-line program developed



- ➤ Using soil testing, GIS, GPS technology, field N, P, K maps and fertilization map developed
- ➤N, P and K rates was recommended for each farmer's plot
- Cotton yield increased by 20% and farmers profit by 5315 Yuan RMB/ha (643 US\$/ha)

### SSNM in 53 ha cotton field in Yongnian county of Hebei

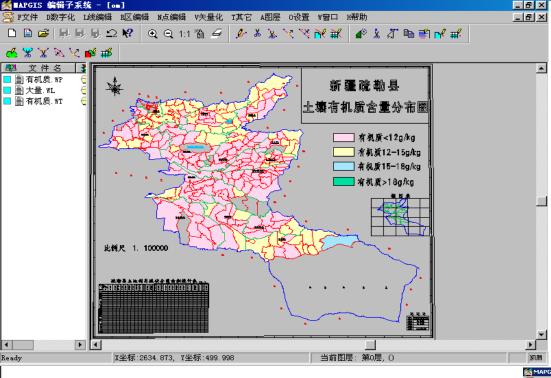




Regionalized fertilization in Yutian county of Hebei (kg/ha)

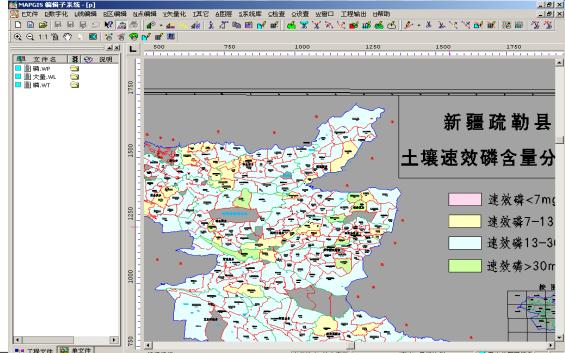
## County level regionalized SSNM program in Xinjiang

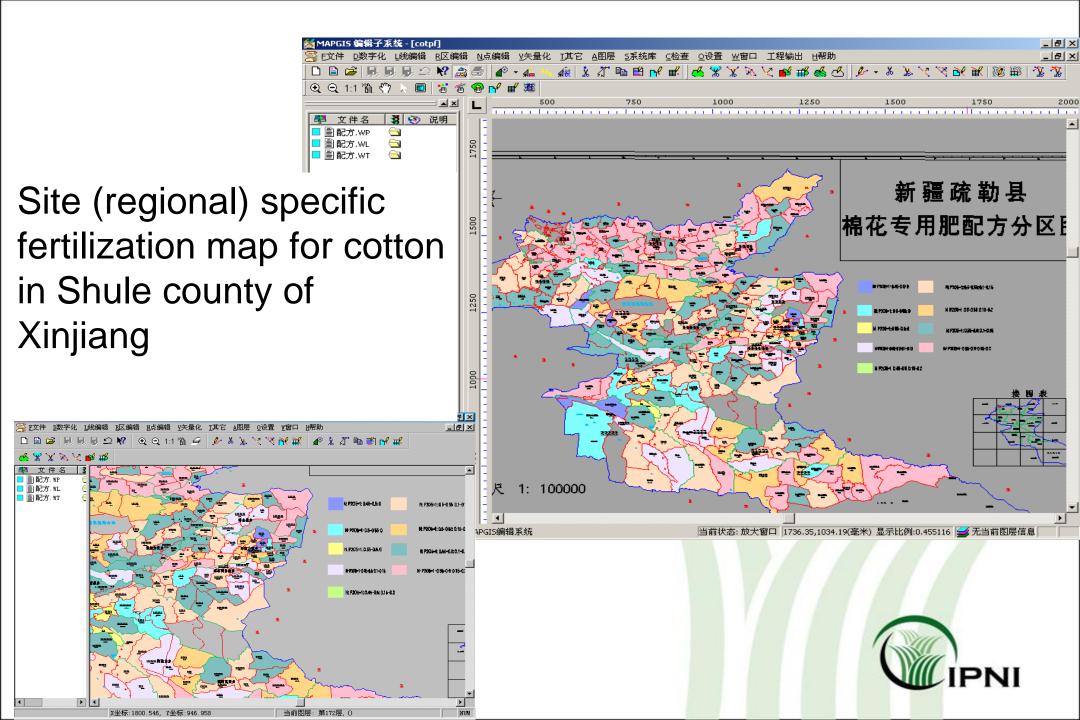




## Soil organic map of Shule county of Xinjiang

## Soil available P map of Shule county of Xinjiang





Over 180 TV/video developed and used by CCTV/provincial TV.

A135 minute video series of Soil Fertility Management Video Program (9 chapters each 15 minutes). The videos were provided to China Central **Agricultural Broadcasting School** (CCABS) as the educational materials to be used through the CCABS's national educational network and the CCTV agricultural channel.







- Posters for 24 crops developed
- Information includes: nutrient requirement, deficiency, fertilization rate, N, P, K ratios
- >20,000 copies were printed and distributed nation wide





### **Better Crops China (BCC):**

- Chinese language technology transfer serial publication promoting high efficiency fertilization
- Transfers information on best nutrient management and rational fertilization practices to farmers, local leaders, technicians and farmers
- >23 issues have been published and distributed to over 8000 addresses nation-wide

#### BETTER CROPS CHINA

XII (12) 2009, No 2. (23)

加拿大钾肥公司在中国的平衡施肥示范项目报告 1 (23)

全继运

长期施钾和秸秆还田对青海森小麦产量和土壤钾 2 素的影响

张亚丽, 陈占全, 李月梅

复肥不同基追比和复肥种类对夏玉米产量和复肥 7 利用率的影响

李丙奇, 孙克刚, 和爱玲

河南玉米主产区生产现状及农田土壤养分状况分

孙克刚

MERKERHANEE

ATTAMANAMA

经主大工工事上接及公司利用干部市

内蒙古河套灌区油羹养分吸收、积累和分配规律

段玉,妥德宝,赵沛义,李焕春,张君,安昊

平衡施肥对白菜产量和品质的影响

赵欢,张国平,孙倩倩,王小晶,吕慧峰,王正银 向 华辉, 周长洪

平衡施肥对穿心莲生长和药效成份的影响

李录久, 高杰军, 刘学敏, 郭熙盛, 丁楠, 孙义祥

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#### 高效施肥

BETTER CROPS CHINA 2008年10月(总第21期)

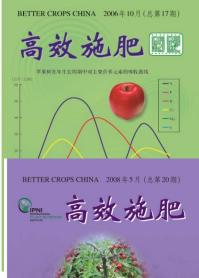


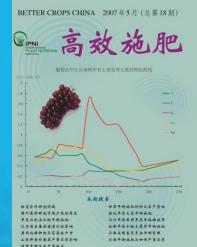
各法法则的犯奸安任管理特殊政治 伊把黑陶品种和用量材料在产量及品度影响 保护社员其宝典下的基合指标与平衡磁机技术 冬季乌谷薯鱼鸡种硫肥致应及其流觉用量研究 种素对大思产量和品质的影响 磷钾肥纯对油菜产量、经济效应及养分项收的影响

河南省不同土壤美型小麦平斯施比研究



Printable Version





### Web-based technology transfer

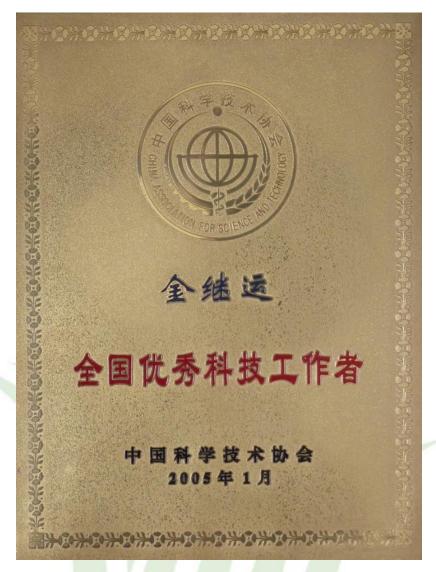
- National and Provincial web pages for technology transfer developed
- General knowledge in soil, crop and fertilizers available
- ➤ All publications available
- Nutrient requirement for major crops
- Fertilization technics
- Soil testing and fertilizer recommendations



http://cclab.caas.ac.cn



- ➤ It was estimated that over 400 million people are being influenced and 50 million households are benefiting
- Received National Outstanding Scientist Award from Chinese Science and Technology Association in 2005
- Awarded by the Central
  Government of China in 2007 as
  one of the National Model Scientists
  for Agricultural Science and
  Technology Transfer





### **Acknowledgment:**

To IFA for this honorable recognition and to Sinochem for the nomination

To MOA, MOC, CAAS of China, CIDA, Canpotex, and MCs of IPNI for the long term support to the program

To all cooperative institutions in China for many year spirit cooperation and friendship



# Thank you!

