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CRF IN CHINA AND IMPLICATIONS ON THE CHINESE FERTILIZER MARKETS

Michael R. CUTTER

Agrium Advanced Technologies, USA





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Agrium

Michael R. Cutter

Managing Director, International

Agrium Advanced Technologies

2915 Rocky Mountain Avenue, Suite 400

Loveland, CO 80538, USA

(970) 292-9031

mcutter@AgriumAT.com



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Current Situation



Drivers of Increased Grain Production

Drivers

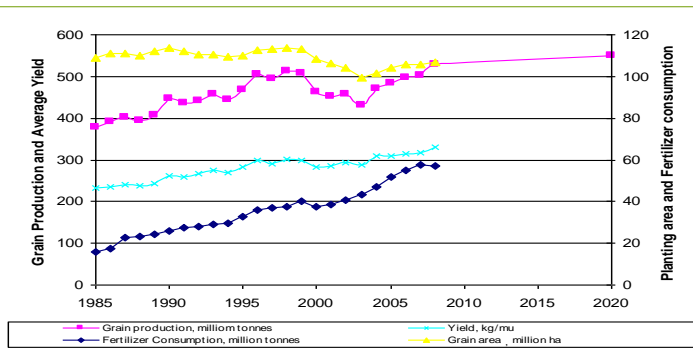
- **Government 5 Year Plan**
- **Self-sufficiency (95%) on Grains**
- **Population Increase**
- **Social Harmony**
 - Commitment to Increase farmer's average income
- **Lifestyle change**

Challenges

- **700 Million+ Farmers**
- **Farmland Acreage Decline**
- **Limited Water**
- **Less "sustainable" Labor Available for Farming**
- **Environmental Capacity Limitation**

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- **The Fertilizer industry must provide a sufficient quantity and quality of fertilizer at affordable prices for food production**
 - **Socio-Economic pressures demand increased efficiency and less labor**

Fertilizer Use has Increased, Grain Production has Not



Available planting area for grain has declined continuously
 Grain production is “forecast” to increase 10% in next 10 years
 Fertilizer application and/or efficiency has to increase to increase yield

Fertilizer Market Snapshot

Million tons Nutrients	Actual Production		Production Capacity		Imports		Exports		Consumption	
	1998	2008	1998	2008	1998	2008	1998	2008	1998	2008
Nitrogen	22.7	43.3	28.7	49.6	1.4	0.1	0.1	2.7	24.4	39.8
Phosphate	6.9	12.6	8.5	18.4	3.0	0.1	0.2	1.4	9.7	11.1
Potash	0.5	2.8	0.6	3.1	3.5	3.3	0.2	0.1	3.6	6.3
NPK (Product)	22.3	51.8	N.A	60.0	8.1	0.6	0.2	2.8	29.9	49.7

Over Capacity in Urea and DAP/MAP Production
 Import/ Export managed through Tariffs, Quotas, and License Permits

China Now Imports Energy

- China Imported 200 MM Tons of Oil (52% of Total Consumption) in 2009
- China Imported 4.3% (120 MM tons) of 2800 MM tons total Coal consumed Just over 13% of global trading in 2009

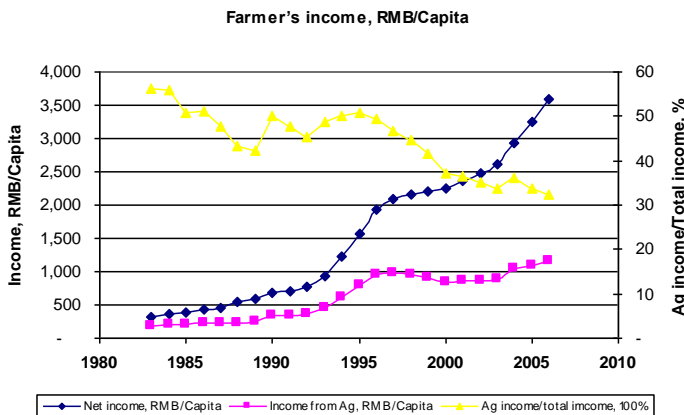


Tight Energy Supplies → Ever Higher Production Costs



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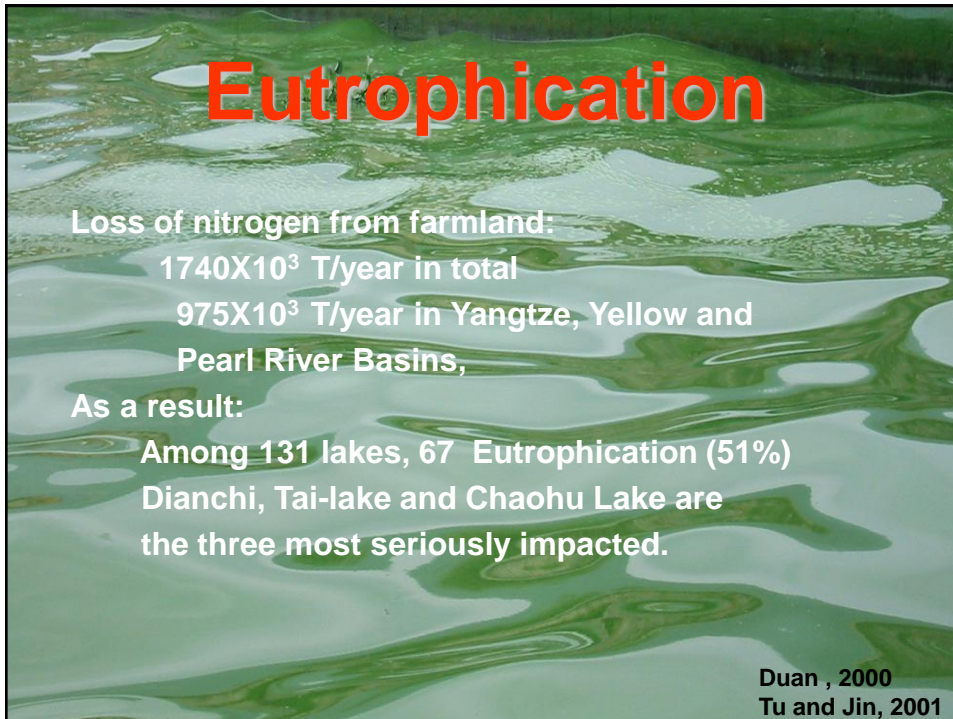
Farmers Income



More Farm Families are Working off the Farm → Labor Becoming in Tight Supply



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Eutrophication

Loss of nitrogen from farmland:
 1740X10³ T/year in total
 975X10³ T/year in Yangtze, Yellow and
 Pearl River Basins,
 As a result:
 Among 131 lakes, 67 Eutrophication (51%)
 Dianchi, Tai-lake and Chaohu Lake are
 the three most seriously impacted.

Duan , 2000
 Tu and Jin, 2001

Opportunities for CRF in China

- **All levels of Government promoting expansion of CRF**
 - Funds for R&D
 - Subsidies
- **5 Year Plan**
 - Increase Farmers Income
 - Increase Productivity
 - Decrease Pollution

Rapid “In Country” Development

Current CRF Market – Large and Growing

- Companies Producing CRF's in China
Between 70 - 200 companies
 - Top 7 producers ~4.8mm tons in 2008
- Current Capacity of CRF's in China
Reported as much as 7mm tons
- Past CRF production was Urea Condensates
or Nitrogen Inhibitors
- Recently more Coated Products have been
introduced (Older Technologies)

Ever Increasing Environmental Restrictions



Increasing Pollution  Ameliorated with CRF

Current CRF Market Complex & Fragmented

- No Reliable Data on Consumption
 - Thought to be between 1mm and 1.75 mm tons
- Value equation for Farmer not Yet Positive
 - Increasing farmers income through the use of CRF in broad acre agriculture not yet achieved
 - But* is positive for hi-value and cash crops
- Over 75,000 Distributors and Retailers
- Regional Governments often “sponsor” local producers

75K Fertilizer Retailers are Generally Small and Largely Unaffiliated



Nanning, China - 2009

Outlook for Chinese Fertilizer Market & Controlled Release Fertilizer Industry

- **For the Fertilizer Market**

- Government will continue to influence market, supply and incentives to achieve policy objectives
- Over capacity will worsen with slim prospects for significant resolution
 - Consolidation will continue but with limited impact on overall efficiency
- Demand will experience growth but still not to the level to achieve scientifically derived and balanced fertilization
- Risk of price adjustment for raw materials particularly gas

Which will Directly have Impact On:

- **Controlled Release Fertilizer**

- Large growing opportunity
 - Declining Labor Pool
 - Increasing Fertilizer and Crop prices
- No current profitable solution for broad acre farmers
 - Grain crop farmers continue to be price sensitive and risk averse
- Continues to be dominated by local companies



Fundamentals of Growth

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